



Media Release

RAM Ratings upgrades the Philippines' ratings

RAM Ratings has upgraded the Philippines' global and ASEAN-scale ratings to $gBBB_2(pi)/Stable/gP2(pi)$ and $seaAA_3(pi)/Stable/seaP1(pi)$ from $gBBB_3(pi)/Positive/gP3(pi)$ and $seaA_1(pi)/Positive/seaP1(pi)$, respectively. The upgrade is premised on sustained growth momentum, a persistent uptrend in FDI inflows and continuous progress in reforms. The stable outlook reflects the country's strong external position and economic resilience, balanced by the government's narrow revenue base and elevated underemployment and poverty rates. The government's ambitious "Build, Build, Build" programme has made some headway. Out of 75 flagship projects, 35 had been approved by the authority as at June 2018 compared to 18 a year ago. "While there are execution challenges to the infrastructure push, the shift in the government's budgeting framework from obligation-basis to cash-basis next year should help address underspending issues," highlights Esther Lai, RAM's Head of Sovereign Ratings.

Increased imports of capital goods to fulfil the country's vast infrastructure needs had led to a wider current account deficit (2017: 0.8% of GDP). "In the absence of capital imports, the Philippines' current account is basically still in a surplus position, emphasising its strong external position," adds Lai. Nonetheless, a more measured pace of expansion could space out capital imports, which may help contain inflationary pressure. Besides infrastructure investments, FDI rose 21.4% y-o-y to a record high of USD10 billion or 3.2% of GDP as at end-2017 (end-2012: USD3.2 billion or 1.3% of GDP), mainly investments in the manufacturing and utilities sectors. This reflects investor optimism over the country's growth potential as well as the continuous passage of business enhancing reforms. Pending greater clarity, plans to repeal 123 special laws on investment incentives and consolidate them into a single incentive legislative could hold back future investments.

Notwithstanding growth moderation and heightened inflationary pressure in 2Q 2018, we view these indicators to be manageable and transitory, given various reforms and policy measures aimed at strengthening government operations and more inclusive growth in the long term. As aggregate demand conditions are still resilient, anchored by the sustained inflow of remittances and robust expansion on the investment front, we envisage growth clocking in at around 6.5% in 2018.

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